

Elder Fraud

Fraudsters target everyone, even the elderly.



Impersonating loved ones in trouble and asking for money



Posing as repairmen to access homes of the elderly to steal or impersonating financial consultants to cheat them of savings



Using social engineering to access personal information

Stay protected with these tips:

- **Ignore** calls or emails asking for personal details or payment
- Always **verify the identity** of the person you are dealing with
- Don't download any **attachment** from unknown sources as it may contain malware
- **Don't share** personal information, PIN or password

Money Mule

A money mule is someone who accepts and transfers money in return for a fee. Fraudsters recruit money mules in a number of ways.



On dating sites, they befriend and ask them to transfer money or pay for high-value items



Via email pretending to be a friend or acquaintance



On social media with offers of quick cash for access to their bank account



Job offers which involve receiving and transferring funds on the company's behalf

Stay protected with these tips:

- Beware of people offering fees to **receive and transfer money** using your bank account
- Don't **open a bank account** in your name to receive and transfer money for someone else

Fraud can be hard to spot at times, but together we can reduce the risk by following these simple steps.



SPOT THE WARNING SIGNS

Be vigilant at all times. When in doubt, verify the source of the calls, emails and/or text messages.



STOP SUSPICIOUS ACTIVITY

Do not respond to requests for personal details from unknown sources.



REPORT THE INCIDENT

If you suspect any fraudulent activity, report the incident to us immediately. The quicker the fraud is reported, the higher the chances of recovery.

Standard Chartered 



Do you see what we see?

Stay one step ahead of fraudsters. Don't let them take what is yours.

#DoYouSeeWhatWeSee

[sc.com/fightingfraud](https://www.sc.com/fightingfraud)

Here for good



We think that it will never happen to us — but fraudsters play on the fact that we might not be paying attention.

They can steal information when you are at an ATM or when you are online. Fraudsters can even impersonate your bank, the police or someone you know in order to get you to share your personal details or hand over money. They may contact you via email, SMS or phone or use malware to access your information.

At Standard Chartered, we're committed to helping you to fight fraud so that fraudsters can't take what is yours.

Social Engineering

The use of phishing, vishing and smishing to access or get your personal information.



Phishing

Emails with links containing malware that can access your personal information



Vishing

Calls impersonating banks or companies to obtain account details



Smishing

Text messages from unknown numbers containing suspicious links

Stay protected with these tips:

- Take note of **email addresses**. Look out for changes such as johndoe@wahoo.com instead of johndoe@yahoo.com
- Transact on **safe websites** with the lock icon or 'secure and verified' badge at the bottom of the page
- Never reveal **personal or banking information** to anyone over the phone or email
- Don't click or download software from **unknown links**. They may contain malware which can access personal information from your computer or phone

SIM Porting/Swapping

Fraudsters may obtain a duplicate SIM from phone companies by impersonating you. This allows them to receive OTPs and notifications from your bank.



Requesting a duplicate SIM on the pretext of lost phone, damaged or replacement SIM



Activating the new SIM to gain access to OTP/notification

Stay protected with these tips:

- **Be alert to any notifications** sent by your phone company on any unauthorised SIM change. Call them immediately if you receive one
- Take note of **long periods of network outage** on your mobile; this could be an indication of SIM deactivation

ATM Fraud

Your ATM card information can be stolen while you are at the ATM.



Tampering with the card reader to trap the card



Looking over your shoulder to observe your PIN



Installing a false keypad to capture your PIN

Stay protected with these tips:

- **Be wary** of people around you at the ATM
- Ensure the **machine has not been tampered with**
- **Cover the keypad** when keying in your PIN
- **Shred and discard** your receipts

Card Fraud

The use of cards for unauthorised or unlawful transactions.



Use of lost or stolen cards to make purchases



Use of a skimming device to duplicate card details to create a counterfeit card



Online transactions using card number, expiry date and CVV number



Impersonating banks or phone companies to obtain your card details

Stay protected with these tips:

- Never share your **card details** with anyone
- **Keep your card in sight** when making payments over a counter and ensure the correct card is returned to you
- Check your **card statements** for unknown transactions
- **Shred and discard** card statements, receipts, and old and expired cards