



Weekly Market View

Taper but no tantrum

The stars are aligning for the Fed to start tapering bond purchases this year, though tapering and rate hikes have historically not stood in the way of equity market gains till monetary policy becomes outright tight. We continue to favour US and Euro area equities.

In China, though, the focus remains on property sector stress. We continue to believe a broader crisis is unlikely, but a catalyst in the form of less uncertainty or policy easing may be needed to trigger a bottom in Asian High Yield (HY) bonds.

Equities: A further rise in US Treasury yields would support value-style equities, such as our preference for energy and financials sectors in the US and Euro area

Bonds: Asian HY bonds continue to offer long-term value, but a bottoming of bond prices may require a policy catalyst

FX: Risk/reward of chasing the USD higher from here is poor, in our view. USD/JPY likely to run into resistance around 114.50-115.50



What could signal a bottom in Asian HY bond prices?

What are the market implications of tapering?

Does risk/reward favour chasing the USD higher?

Charts of the week: Bond market signals

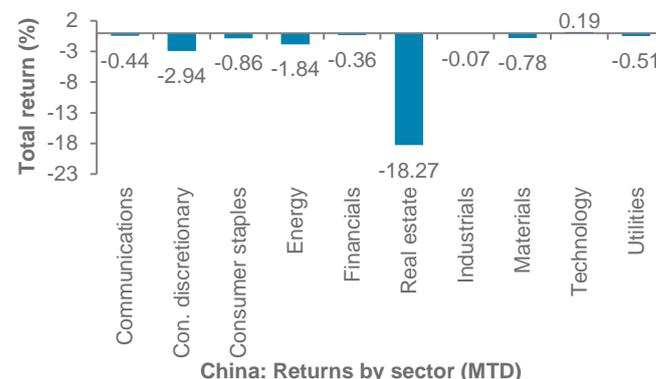
Markets have fully priced an end-2022 Fed rate hike; China HY bond stress largely contained to property sector so far

Fed rates as priced by US money markets



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

China HY bonds sector total returns (MTD)



Editorial

Taper but no tantrum

The stars are aligning for the Fed to start tapering bond purchases this year. Markets are now pricing in a rate hike in late 2022 following the September US inflation print, but we note rate hikes usually do not stand in the way of further equity market gains until monetary policy turns outright tight. In China, though, the focus remains on property sector stress. We continue to believe a spillover into a broader crisis is unlikely, but a catalyst in the form of less uncertainty or policy easing may be needed to trigger a High Yield (HY) bond price bottom.

In the US, minutes from the Fed's last meeting illustrated that policymakers appeared to be uniting around a bond purchase taper that starts in the next 1-2 months and completes by mid-2022. Recent economic data may help strengthen conviction around this. Employment data last week may have disappointed relative to expectations, but jobs gains may have been sufficient for it to not stand in the way of tapering plans. CPI inflation, meanwhile, surprised slightly to the upside, which could help cement a taper.

For risky assets like equities, though, bond purchase tapering has generally not had much of an impact, except in 2013 when it came as a surprise. Markets are currently looking for a total of about 3 rate hikes by end-2023, with at least one of those coming by December 2022. As we noted earlier, though, rate hikes by themselves are unlikely to stand in the way of equity market gains until policy becomes tight.

It is crucial that growth remains well supported for risky assets to continue to perform. However, as detailed last week, we believe the case for stagflation (ie. low growth/high inflation, often a challenging environment for risky assets) remains weak and the level of growth indicators, such as the ISM surveys, and further upgrades in earnings expectations for the coming earnings season continue to offer room for optimism.

Hence, we view the Fed's policy as reflective of increased confidence in the economy and supportive of our preference for US and Euro area equities, with higher bond yields consistent with our preference for Value-style sectors and US/European HY bonds (see page 4).

For the USD, though, the fact that a directional turn in the Fed's policy is increasingly priced means chasing the USD higher from current levels may offer a poor risk/reward, especially given the USD index has failed to break higher thus far. We believe the AUD and the JPY offer the most attractive short-term opportunities today (see page 5).

In China, though, the continued focus on property sector stresses offers a different policy outlook. Over the past week, stresses intensified as Evergrande missed a third bond payment and more developers either missed, or warned of missing, upcoming bond payments. China HY USD bonds continued to weaken as markets sold off across the property sector, regardless of quality or rating buckets. As the chart of the week illustrates, though, the sell-off has thus far remained largely contained to the China HY property sector.

An overshoot in bond prices is not entirely surprising – previous episodes of single-bond stresses have shown that low liquidity can exacerbate moves during sell-offs. We have argued before that today's valuations argue in favour of attractive returns on a longer 12-month horizon. However, a bottoming of bond prices is likely to require a catalyst in the form of policy easing (either monetary or housing policy) and/or more visibility on how Evergrande's challenges are likely to be concluded. In this regard, recent reports of loosening restrictions on home loans is a positive (see page 5 for more).

— Manpreet Gill, Head FICC Investment Strategy

The weekly macro balance sheet

Our weekly net assessment: On balance, we see the past week's data and policy as negative for risk assets

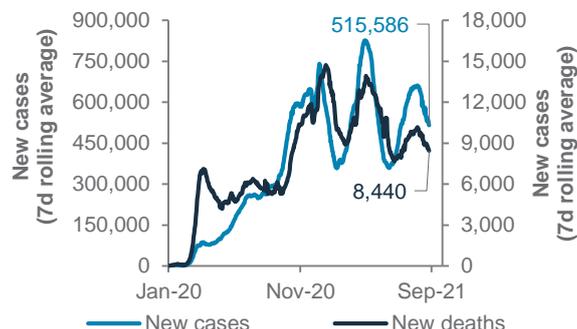
(+) factors: Start of reopening borders, fiscal support

(-) factors: Growth data disappointment, rising inflation

	Positive for risk assets	Negative for risk assets
COVID-19	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New cases, deaths in the US, Euro area, Japan, Latin America and Asia continued to fall as vaccinations rose The US to relax Canada/Mexico land borders for the vaccinated; Singapore opened more 'travel lanes' to vaccinated travellers; Thailand waives quarantine from low-risk countries 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> New Zealand extended its lockdown in Auckland
	Our assessment: Positive – Improving global cases count, more borders starting to reopen	
Macro data	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> China Sep export growth accelerated to 28.1%, import growth slowed to 17.6% US Sep PPI rose 8.6% y/y, slightly below consensus China Sep CPI rose 0.7% y/y, below consensus 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> US Sep non-farm payrolls rose 194k, below expectations of 500k US Sep CPI up 5.4% y/y, slightly above consensus China Sep PPI up 10.7% y/y, the highest since 1995 The IMF cut 2021 global growth forecast to 5.9%
	Our assessment: Neutral – Strong China exports, higher US job gain vs higher inflation, downside surprises	
Policy developments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> US Congress cleared short-term debt ceiling increase through Dec 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> India looking at simplifying goods and services tax structure China launched corruption investigation into 25 biggest financial institutions and regulators
	Our assessment: Neutral – Temporary US debt ceiling respite	
Other developments	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Putin said Russia could export record natural gas to Europe to meet shortages 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Flooding in key China mining regions worsened coal price rise
	Our assessment: Negative – Energy supply constraints	

COVID-19 cases falling globally

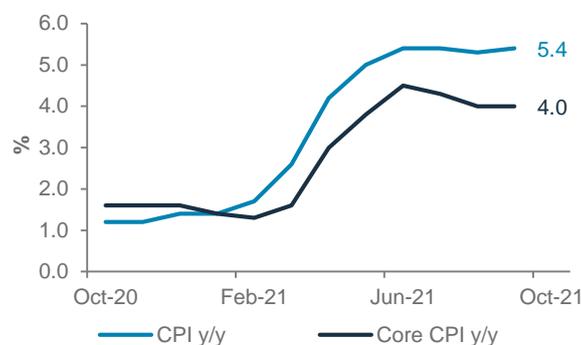
COVID-19 new cases and deaths; seven-day rolling average



Source: Our World in Data, Standard Chartered

Supply chain disruptions have held US inflation close to recent peaks, though core inflation has eased slightly

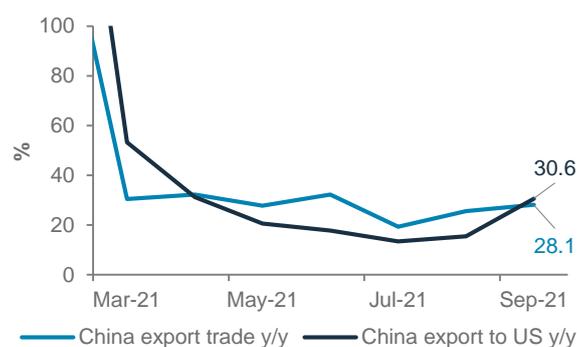
US CPI and Core (ex-food and energy) CPI inflation



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

China exports have remained well supported, with export growth to the US accelerating

China exports y/y (total and to the US)



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Top client questions

Q What are the likely equity and bond market implications of Fed tapering?

We believe the rise in the US 10-year Treasury yield, on the back of expectations of Fed tapering and higher inflation, are key to equity and bond markets.

From an equities point of view, we expect this will lead to a further rotation into Value sectors. As such, we believe it is attractive to rebalance towards our preferred Value-style sectors, such as energy and financials. Crude oil prices have witnessed sustained gains as demand continues to recover with economic reopening while supply remains disciplined. We see this as an additional tailwind for energy sector equities, adding to our catch-up view on energy sector equities, which have lagged the rebound in oil prices. In financials, large US banks reported Q3 earnings this week, and positive surprises from the release of loan loss provisions continued to be a positive driver thus far. This is supportive of our preferred view on Financials.

Some market volatility is possible as tapering causes a reassessment of the long-term policy rate outlook. However, we would see this as an opportunity to add exposure to equities. As we note in the editorial, we believe the Fed's taper-talk reflects its confidence in the US growth outlook, while in the Euro area, increasing prospects of fiscal expansion from a new German coalition government could lead to an upside growth surprise. We view both US and Euro area equities as preferred.

The implications for bond markets are likely to be more differentiated. The move higher in the US 10-year Treasury yield appears to be following prior patterns of a sharp rise in yields ahead of an actual tapering announcement. While US Treasury yields have subsequently moved sideways following past tapering announcements, in the current instance, we believe market expectations of the timing and pace of Fed hiking cycle are likely to push the US 10-year Treasury yield higher. Markets are now pricing in a Fed rate hike in December 2022.

However, we believe Developed Market (DM) HY corporate bonds and Asian USD bonds are well positioned to outperform given the recent spread widening (cheapening valuations), low interest rate sensitivity and positive correlation with corporate profitability. However, the reduction in the global monetary impulse, combined with lagging vaccination rates and inflation, mean that, similar to 2013, EM local currency bonds are likely to underperform.

- Daniel Lam, CFA, Senior Cross-asset Strategist
- Fook Hien Yap, Senior Investment Strategist
- Abhilash Narayan, Senior Investment Strategist

A higher bond yield outlook is consistent with outperformance of value-style equities

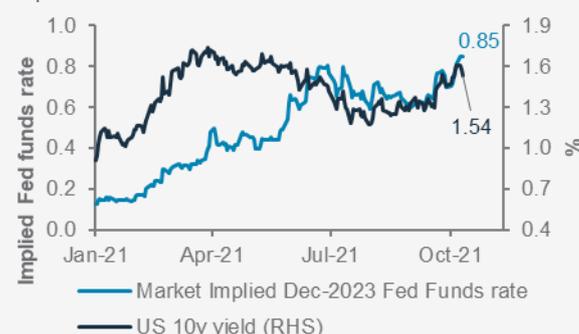
MSCI AC World Value/Growth equities vs US 10-year Treasury yield



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Rate hike expectations have been a key driver of 10-year US Treasury yields over the past few months

10-year US Treasury yields and Fed Fund Futures implied rate in December 2023



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Top client questions (cont'd)

Q What signposts could indicate whether Asian HY credit spreads are close to peaking or could widen further?

Asian HY bonds remained under pressure on the back of more property sector bond missed payments and low secondary market liquidity. Much of the pain in Asian HY bonds has thus far remained contained to the property sector. Having said that, near-term downside pressure could remain in place and a turning point may not be forthcoming till one of the following catalysts presents itself:

1. Significant weakness in economic data or widening social unrest, which may prompt authorities to step in
2. A reversal of city-/province-specific property-tightening policy
3. Targeted policy measures to support sector liquidity

A bumpy short-term outlook notwithstanding, we continue to believe Asian HY bonds are likely to perform well on a 12-month horizon:

1. Longer US and European credit market history shows us credit spreads have historically peaked before defaults peak. This suggests that while Asia HY defaults could still rise, credit spreads could very well peak (ie. bond prices could bottom) in the coming months should a policy catalyst be forthcoming
2. Credit spreads for BB-rated Asian HY bonds are currently wider than those for US CCC-rated bonds. While sentiment can explain this in the near term, such discrepancies rarely last long

Hence, we believe retaining exposure to Asian HY bonds within the context of a well-diversified investment allocation remains attractive (noting Asia USD bonds would usually constitute 8-10% of a moderate risk allocation – see our *Global Market Outlook* for more).

— **Abhilash Narayan**, Senior Investment Strategist

Q Does risk-reward favour chasing the USD higher?

It has been a frustrating year for USD bears. Fundamental bearish USD drivers in the form of relative yield differentials have been, and still are, in place, but catalysts to trigger them have been absent.

However, technicals show the USD (DXY) index has pushed into, but not through, key resistance. This is key as fundamentals continue to point to a weaker USD. There is arguably more room for hawkish surprises in Europe and Japan. If the Fed reinforces its Average Inflation Targeting (AIT) policy and only hikes in end-2022, the USD is likely to struggle to break higher.

US exceptionalism has lasted for longer than expected, but we may be in the final stage of the USD's 'fatal attraction' and the frustrated bear's 'final capitulation'. Therefore, we believe the risk/reward of chasing the USD higher from here is poor.

High LNG and coal prices have improved Australia's Terms of Trade (export prices rising vs import prices). The AUD has strengthened on this and could rise further. High oil prices and rising US yields have had the opposite impact on Japan, and USD/JPY has surged to near three-year highs. We expect USD/JPY will run into strong technical resistance at 114.50-115.50 and then fall in line with the USD.

Highest-rated group of Asian HY bonds now trade at a wider credit spread than lowest-rated group of US HY bonds

Credit spreads; US Caa bonds vs Asia BB-rated bonds and their difference



Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Relative yield differentials still point to a weaker USD long-term. USD/JPY is a good example

USD/JPY vs 10-year US-JP real yield differentials



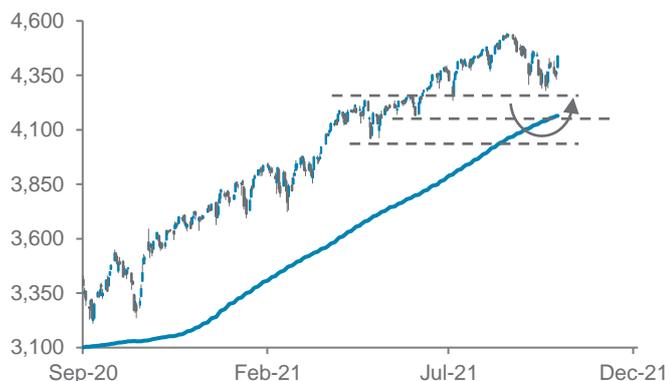
Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Technical charts of the week

Manish Jaradi
 Senior Investment Strategist

S&P 500: Attempting to form a floor

S&P 500 index daily chart with 200DMA

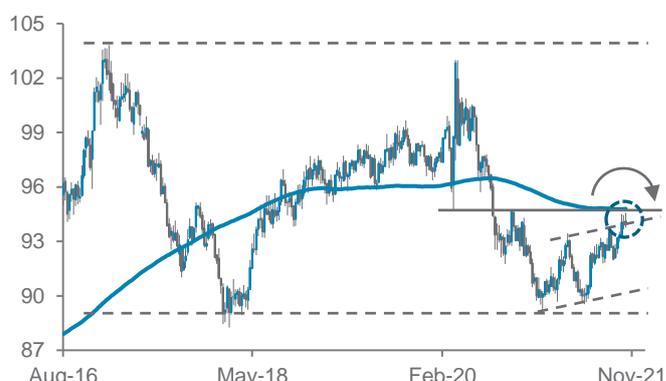


Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

The retreat in the S&P 500 index is more of a pause than a reversal of the uptrend, that is, a range scenario rather than a meaningful downtrend. Indeed, the index has plenty of support on the downside, and it could well be in the process of forming a base.

USD: May have run its course

DXY index weekly chart with 200WMA

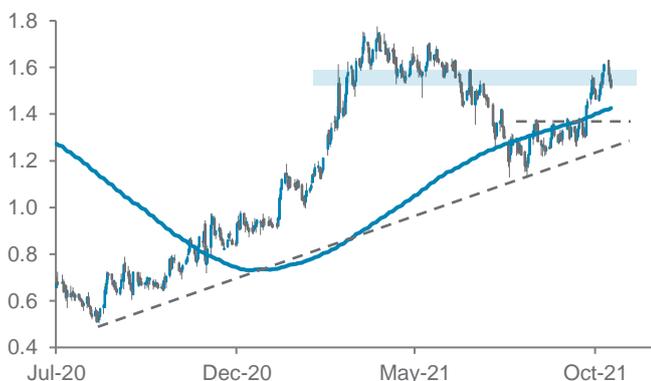


Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

The rebound this year is a continuation of the broad range and not a sign of a start of a new (up) trend, at least yet. The DXY index is now around the middle of the range. The rally is showing signs of fatigue as it faces major converged resistance, raising the odds that it is near a top.

US 10-year Treasury yield: Runs into tough resistance

US 10-year Treasury yield daily chart with 200DMA

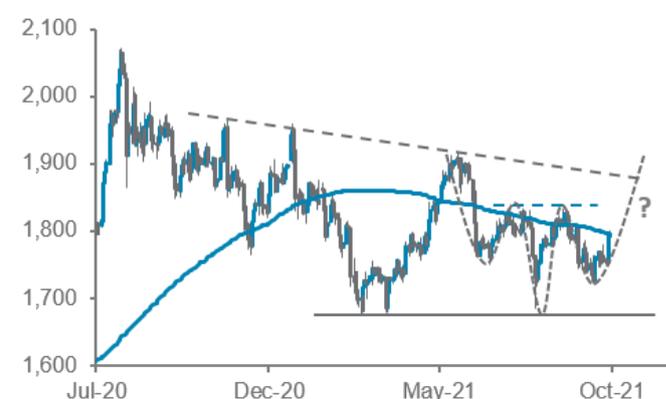


Source: Refinitiv, Standard Chartered

The US 10-year Treasury yield has run into a key hurdle at 1.53%-1.60%. The resistance is important as it marks a few inflection points and has defined the area where the yield has spent quite a bit of time in recent months. The yield needs to break above the hurdle for the uptrend to reassert.

Gold: Keeping an open mid

XAU/USD daily chart with 200DMA



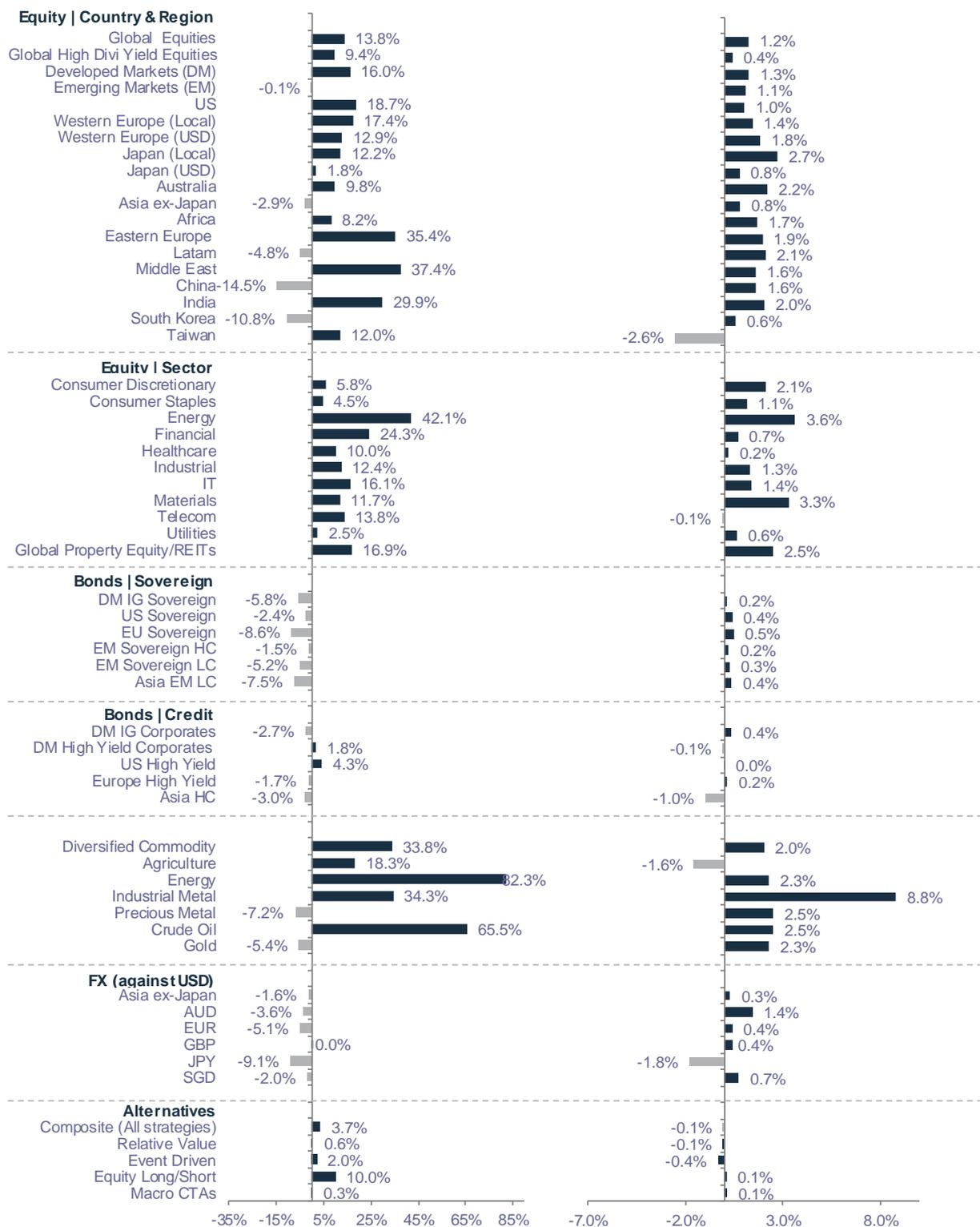
Source: Refinitiv, Standard Chartered

While it is too soon to conclude that gold is out of the woods, this week's rebound is encouraging for bulls. Any break above key resistance at 1,835 would trigger a reverse head and shoulders pattern, pointing to a rise towards the January high of 1,959. Immediate/stiff resistance is on the 200DMA.

Market performance summary *

2021 YTD

1 Week



Sources: MSCI, JP Morgan, Barclays Capital, Citigroup, Dow Jones, HFRX, FTSE, Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

*Performance in USD terms unless otherwise stated, 2021 YTD performance from 31 December 2020 to 14 October 2021; 1-week period: 7 October 2021 to 14 October 2021

Our asset class views at a glance

Asset class	
Equities ▲	Alternatives ◆
Euro area ▲	Equity hedge ▲
US ▲	Event-driven ◆
UK ◆	Relative value ▼
Asia ex-Japan ▼	Global macro ◆
Japan ◆	
Other EM ◆	Cash ▼
	USD ▼
Bonds (Credit) ◆	EUR ▲
Asia USD ▲	GBP ▲
Corp DM HY ▲	CNY ◆
Govt EM USD ▲	JPY ◆
Corp DM IG ▼	AUD ▲
	NZD ▲
Bonds (Govt) ▼	CAD ◆
Govt EM Local ▼	
Govt DM IG ▼	Gold ◆

Source: Standard Chartered Global Investment Committee

Legend: ▲ Most preferred | ▼ Less preferred | ◆ Core holding

10-year bond yield not far from technical support

Technical indicators for key markets as on 14 October 2021

Index	Spot	1st support	1st resistance
S&P500	4,438	4,380	4,467
STOXX 50	4,149	4,086	4,180
FTSE 100	7,208	7,133	7,245
Nikkei 225	28,551	28,337	29,201
Shanghai Comp	3,558	3,541	3,586
Hang Seng	24,963	24,894	25,381
MSCI Asia ex-Japan	806	800	809
MSCI EM	1,267	1,258	1,271
Brent (ICE)	84.0	83.1	85.2
Gold	1,796	1,768	1,810
UST 10Y Yield	1.51	1.49	1.59

Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Economic and market calendar

	Event	Next week	Period	Prior
MON	CH	GDP y/y	3Q	7.9%
	CH	Retail Sales y/y	Sep	2.5%
	CH	Industrial Production y/y	Sep	5.3%
	CH	Fixed Assets Ex Rural YTD y/y	Sep	8.9%
	US	Industrial Production m/m	Sep	0.4%
TUE	US	Housing Starts	Sep	1615k
WED	EC	ECB Current Account SA	Aug	21.6b
THUR	EC	Consumer Confidence	Oct A	-4
FRI/SAT	EC	Markit Eurozone Composite PMI	Oct P	56.2
	US	Markit US Composite PMI	Oct P	55.0

Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered

Prior data are for the preceding period unless otherwise indicated. Data are % change on previous period unless otherwise indicated

P - preliminary data, F - final data, sa - seasonally adjusted, y/y - year-on-year, m/m - month-on-month

Investor diversity remains normal across major assets

Our proprietary market diversity indicators as of 14 October

Level 1	Diversity	1-month trend	Fractal dimension
Global Bonds	●	↓	1.37
Global Equities	●	↑	1.69
Gold	●	↑	1.67
Equity			
MSCI US	●	↑	2.04
MSCI Europe	●	→	1.56
MSCI AC AXJ	●	→	1.46
Fixed Income			
DM Corp Bond	●	↓	1.36
DM High Yield	●	→	1.52
EM USD	●	↑	1.50
EM Local	●	↓	1.44
Asia USD	●	↓	1.42
Currencies			
EUR/USD	●	→	1.37

Source: Bloomberg, Standard Chartered; Fractal dimensions below 1.25 indicate extremely low market diversity/high risk of a reversal

Legend: ● High | ● Low to mid | ○ Critically low

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